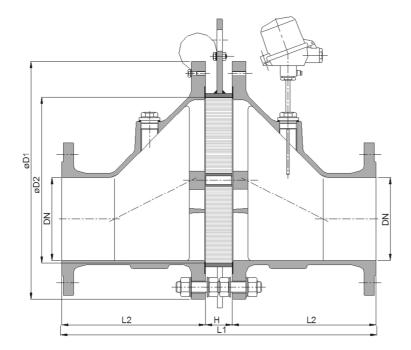
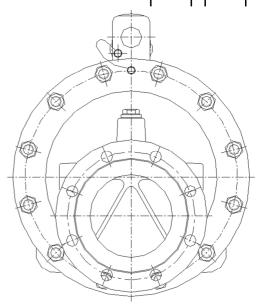
Bi-directional deflagration flame arrester KITO[®] EFA-Def0-IIA-.../...-1.6

KITO® EFA-Def0-IIA-.../...-1.6-T (-TT)







Type examination certificate to EN ISO 16852 ← designation in accordance to ATEX-Guideline 94/9/EC

| NG | DN | ANSI | D1 | D2 | L1 | Н | L2 | kg* |
|-----|-----------|--------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|------|
| 100 | 40 PN 40 | 1 ½" | 220 | 106 | 340 | 50 | 145 | 24 |
| | 50 PN 16 | 2" | | | | | | 26.5 |
| 150 | 50 PN 16 | 2" | 285 | 159 | 400 | 50 | 175 | 26 |
| | 65 PN 16 | 2 1/2" | | | | | | 42 |
| | 80 PN 16 | 3" | | | | | | 44 |
| 200 | 80 PN 16 | 3" | 340 | 206 | 450 | 50 | 200 | |
| | 100 PN 16 | 4" | | | | | | |

Dimensions in mm

weight refers to the standard design

Design subject to change

Standard design

gasket

housing : cast steel 1.0619, stainless cast steel 1.4408

: <u>HD 3822</u>, PTFE

KITO® flame arrester

element : completely interchangeable KITO® casing : galvanized steel, stainless steel

mat. no. 1.4571, 1.4581 KITO[®] grid : stainless steel mat. no. <u>1.4310</u>, 1.4571,

bolts/nuts : galvanized steel, SS

temperature sensor : PT 100 (option); connection 3/8" flange connection : <u>DIN EN 1092-1 form B1</u>,

ANSI 150 lbs. RF

Example to order:

KITO® EFA-Def0-IIA-100/40-1.6-T (design with thermo couple element)

Application

For installation into pipes to the protection of vessels and components against deflagration of flammable liquids and gases. Approved for all substances of explosion groups IIA1 to IIA with a maximum experimental safe gap (MESG) > 0.9 mm.

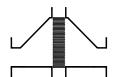
Bi-directionally working in pipes, whereby an operating pressure of 1.6 bar abs. and an operating temperature of 60°C must not be exceeded. The distance between a potential ignition source and the flame arrester must not exceed 50 times the inner pipe diameter. The installation of the deflagration flame arrester into horizontal and vertical pipes is permissible.

When equiped with one or two temperature sensors, the devices are protected under atmospheric conditions against a short time burning by a burning time $t_{\rm BT}=1,0$ min.

If only one temperature sensor, then it is to be placed on the device side where a burning could be expected.



performance curves: H 0.38.2 N

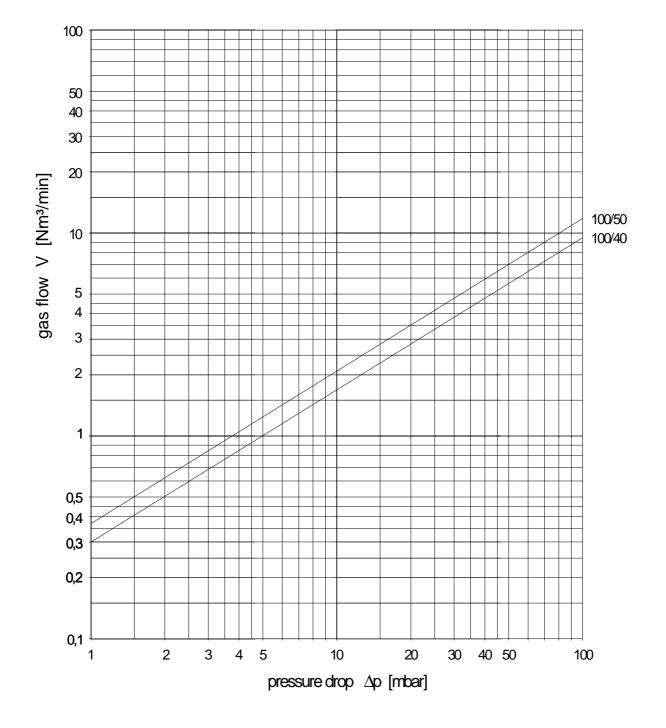


Bi-directional deflagration flame arrester KITO[®] EFA-Def0-IIA-.../...-1.6 KITO[®] EFA-Def0-IIA-.../...-1.6-T (-TT) H 38.2 N

The flow capacity V refers to a density of air with $\rho = 1.29 \text{ kg/m}^3$ at T = 273 K and a pressure of p = 1.013 mbar

The flow capacity for gases with different densities can be calculated sufficiently accurate by the following approximation equation:

$$\dot{\mathbf{V}} = \dot{\mathbf{V}}_{b} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{\rho_{b}}{1.29}} \ or \qquad \dot{\mathbf{V}}_{b} = \dot{\mathbf{V}} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{1.29}{\rho_{b}}}$$



Design subject to change